



PREFEITURA MUNICIPAL

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Em parceria



**Material de Complementação
Escolar**

Inglês 8º e 9º ano

14-09 a 25-09

**Secretaria de Educação, Cultura,
Ciência e Tecnologia**

2020

HAPPINESS

PRE-READING

1. Look at the image and answer.

A. This is

[] a website. [] a science book. [] a cartoon.

B. What's YOUR opinion about **happiness**?

Are boys **happier than** girls?

What's the most important factor that influences happiness?

Are **young people** in Brazil happy?

Happiness – felicidade;
Happier than – mais felizes que;
Between countries – entre países;
Young people – jovens;
Most – a maioria;
the happiest – os mais felizes.

7º ANO



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Global Agenda

Most young people around the world are happy, but the happiest places are not where you'd think



<https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2017/02/what-makes-young-people-happy-and-what-do-they-worry-about/>

WHILE READING

2. Read the article and answer the questions based on it.

Most young people around the world are happy.

Nearly seven out of ten (68%) young people across the world said that they were happy with their lives, but there are **wide variations** between countries.

The findings come as a result of a new study, [Generation Z: Global Citizenship Survey – What the World’s Young People Think and Feel](#).

They **asked** 20,000, 15-21 year-olds, known as 'Generation Z', in 20 countries **whether** they were happy, what made them happy.

The young people who said they were **happiest** live in **developing countries**.

Indonesia (90%) emerged as the happiest, Nigeria (78%) came in second and India (72%) took third place.

Young people in **developed nations** were **the least** happy. France (57%), the UK (57%) Australia (56%) and Japan (28%) ranked well down the happiness scale among the 20 countries surveyed.

There’s also a **gender** imbalance. Young **women** were **less** likely to say they were happy (56%) than young **men** (62%).

DevelopING countries – países em desenvolvimento
DevelopED nations – nações desenvolvidas

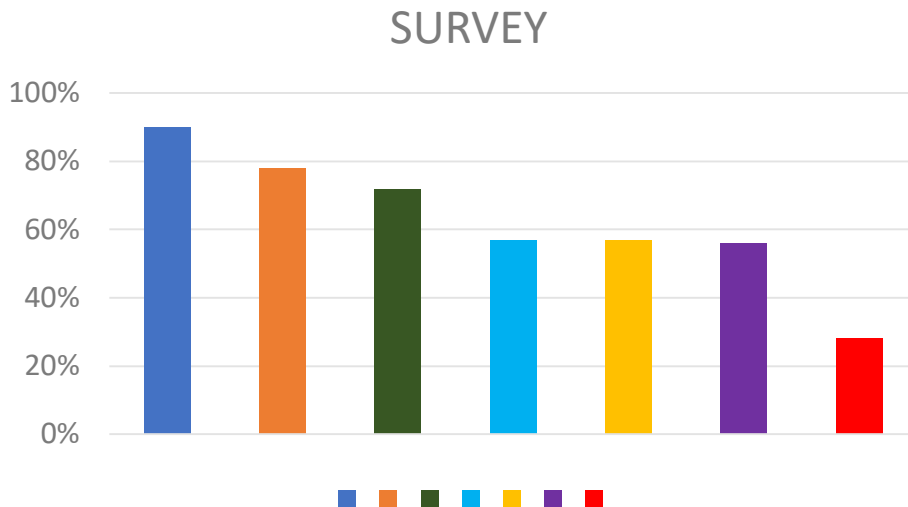
nearly – aproximadamente; wide variations- grandes variações; survey – pesquisa; asked – perguntaram; whether – se; happiest- mais felizes; the least – os menos; gender – gênero; women – mulheres; less- menos; men - homens

- A. A pesquisa [Generation Z: Global Citizenship Survey – What the World’s Young People Think and Feel](#), foi conduzida em vários países. O que a maioria dos jovens respondeu?
- B. How old are the respondents* of the survey?
- C. Where are the happiest young people in the world?
- D. How many countries participated in this survey?
- E. “There is also a gender balance.” Who are happier, young women or young men?

*respondents – participantes da pesquisa; entrevistados



3. Complete the legend graph with the names of the countries mentioned in the text. Attention to the % (percentage). Observe the example.



Indonesia	

POST READING

*" Young people in **developed nations** were **the least happy.**"*

4. Você esperava esse resultado da pesquisa? Como pode ser explicado o fato de que jovens em países desenvolvidos são menos felizes que nos países desenvolvidos?

7º ANO

The song Corcovado , composed by Tom Jobim, talks about happiness. The last lines of this song are:

*O que é felicidade meu amor
O que é felicidade, o que é
felicidade.*

What's happiness for you?

*Having a house?
Having a family?
Having friends?*

...

Register your answer here.

Um cantinho e um violão
Este amor, uma canção
Pra fazer feliz a quem se ama

Muita calma pra pensar
E ter tempo pra sonhar

Da janela vê-se o Corcovado
O Redentor que lindo

Quero a vida sempre assim com você perto
Até o apagar da velha chama

E eu que era triste
Descrente deste mundo
Ao encontrar você eu conheci
O que é felicidade meu amor
O que é felicidade, o que é felicidade